



On Which Side of Pentecost?

Sermon series: *Who Is the Holy Spirit?*, pt. 4

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Acts 1-2

Introduction

The message of Pentecost is the same one which Christ communicated during the Feast of the Tabernacles (John 7:38-39). After the Ascension of Jesus (Acts 1:9-11) the disciples obediently followed the Lord's command to wait in Jerusalem. There in the Upper Room, with the 120 they waited to be clothed with power from on high – with the Holy Spirit Himself (Acts 1). The disciples expectantly awaited the outpouring of the Spirit. This morning we'll affirm four benefits that the Holy Spirit offers to us.

1. The Holy Spirit enflames the Church with Christ's p_____ (Acts 2:1- 3).

Significance of the name "Holy Spirit"

Significance of wind (vs. 2)

Significance of fire (vs. 3)

Primary purposes of the Holy Spirit

according to Acts 1:8 - witnessing

according to Titus 3:4-7 - applies the salvific work of Christ

2. The Holy Spirit enables the Church to p_____ (Acts 2:4-13).

Background of Pentecost (Leviticus 23:15-22)

The believers praised God for His wonders (vs. 11)

3. The Holy Spirit empowers the Church to p_____ the Gospel (Acts 2:14-41).

Compare Peter's Gospel Message with *The Four Spiritual Laws*

1. God loves you (vss. 17-21)

2. We're separated from God because of our sin (vss. 22-24)

3. God provided Jesus and the only way to bridge the chasm caused by our sin (vss. 25-36)

4. We must respond in faith (vss. 36-41)

4. The Holy Spirit establishes the Church with a p_____ (Acts 2:42-47).

- Radical Hospitality
- Passionate Worship
- Intentional Faith Development
- Risk-taking Mission and Service
- Extravagant Generosity

Conclusion/Application: